Exercise E3: Seasonal Constellations		
Student name:	Class:	Date:
Check the box with the correct answer.		
Question 1: In the Northern Hemisphere, why is Virgo	considered to	be a spring constellation?
a. It can only be seen in the spring evening	skies.	
□ b. It is best seen in the spring evening skie	S.	
c. It can never be seen in a winter sky.		
d. The Sun can be found in Virgo in the wir	nter.	
Question 2: Which of the following is not a constellati	on of the zodiac	?
a. Orion		
□ b. Scorpius		
d. Aries		
Question 3: What other celestial objects are always for	ound near the c	onstellations of the zodiac?
a. Mars		
□ b. The Moon		
c. Jupiter		
d. All of the above		
Question 4: Which statement regarding celestial obje	cts seen at the	poles is false?
a. All stars seen from the South Pole are c	ircumpolar.	
□ b. From the poles, all stars are visible over	the course of a	year.
c. The planets are not circumpolar.		
d. Around the beginning of the year the sta	rs can be seen	24 hours a day from the North Pole.

Exercise E3: Seasonal Constellations

Questi	on 5: At this latitude, stars must lie within how many degrees of Polaris to be considered circumpolar
stars?	
	☐ a. 35°
	□ b . 95°
	□ c . 45°
	☐ d. 65°